Une IA hybride pour la surveillance de la santé du système de lubrification et de refroidissement de la BTP d'un hélicoptère



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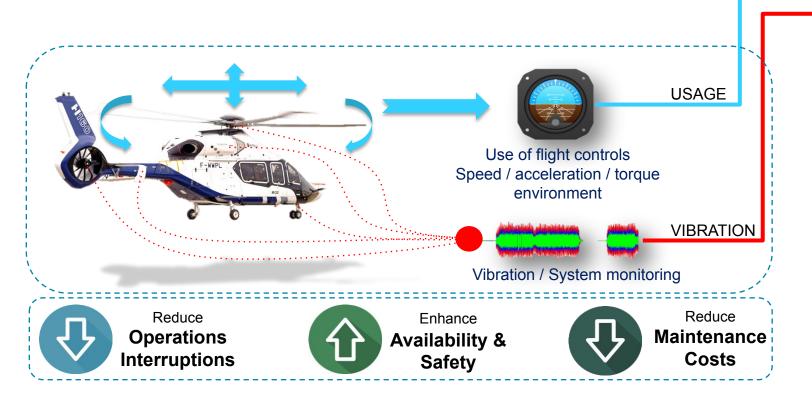
Outline

- Context
- System & solution description
- Results
- Conclusion

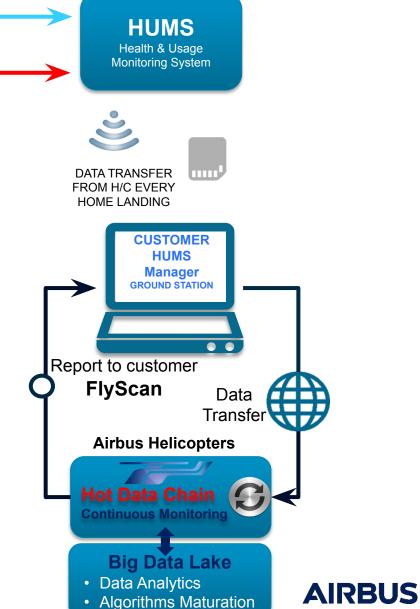




Context: Health Monitoring

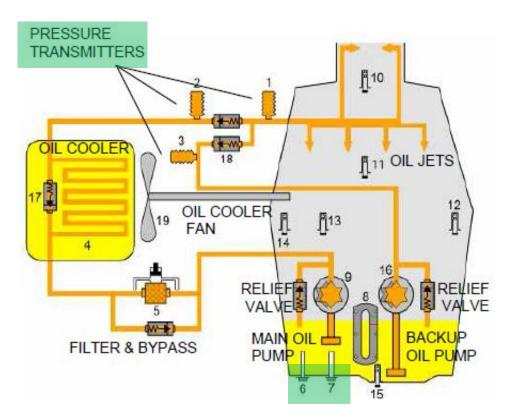


Objective: rely on collected flight data to detect weak signals / symptoms of failures and estimate when an equipment is going to fail so that corrective maintenance can be scheduled before the failure.





MGB Lubrication and Cooling System Case (1/2)



Composition: 2 pressurized circuits:

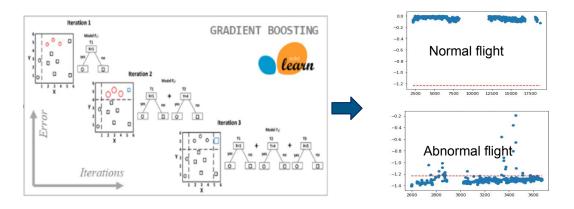
- The first is equipped with an oil filter and an oil cooler
- The second one is integrated to the housing to minimize the sources of failures leading to external leakages

Functions:

- Lubrication of parts in contact for power transmissions
- Collection of the heat generated at each contact + its evacuation at the oil cooler
- 4 Collection of other pollutants + bringing them to the oil filter...

Solution Overview

1. Use AI to assess the **normality** of the following sensor data: MGBT (elements 6 and 7 of the figure), MGBPr: (1), MGBP: (2), MGBPb (3)



- 2. Use the result of 1) to feed and enable 'fuzzyfied' expert diagnosis rules:
 - <u>Example:</u> IF MGBP_is_high AND MGBPb_is_normal AND MGBPr_is_high AND MGBT_is_normal THEN ANOMALY_IS_MGB_OIL_JETS_CLOGGING

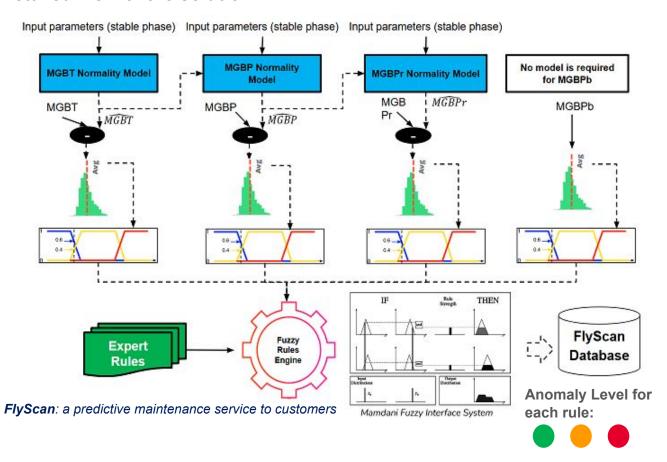
Allows identifying more than 10 different root causes of anomalies related to the MGB lubrication and cooling sub-systems





MGB Lubrication and Cooling System Case (2/2)

Detailed view of the solution



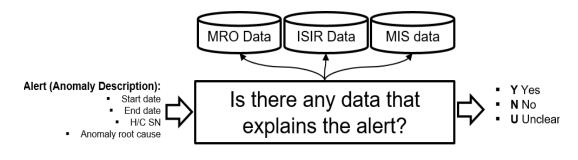
Experiments / Results

Normality models performance assessment

Model / Metrics	R2 (%)	RMSE
MGBP	74.4	0.27 (bar)
MGBT	85.1	3.89 (°C)
MGBPr	96.0	0.10 (bar)

Table 1: Normality Models
Performance Results: R2 vs RMSE
(>100K FH)

Integrated solution performance assessment



#H/C	#FH	#Y	#N	#U	
14	62000	7	1	1	

Table 2: Overall System
Performance: Recall versus
Precision like Assessment

- A maintenance work card has been defined for each rule
- Improvements of the system have been made following feedbacks from FlyScan team after a first deployment for maturation:
 - More robustness and better management of uncertainties





Conclusion - AI for H/C Health Monitoring

Lessons learnt / Key takeaways

- High value (Al brings solutions to difficult problems)
 - Especially when AI is combined with domain knowledge
- Lack of 'trust' (adoption) by end users / professionals
 - Both non detections and false positives are very costly
 - Predictions should be reliable and understandable

Way forward / Challenges (already partially addressed, cf. VFS'2025)

- Models robustness:
 - Generalization & stability
 - Uncertainty quantification & management
 - Monitoring
- Predictions explainability
- Certification







Thank you!

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